A guide to helping someone who is sniffing

Questions to consider when assessing the level of intervention required immediately and where to refer for follow up support.

- Is the person at risk of harming themselves or someone else?
- Is the person conscious, "out of it", drowsy or alert?
- Is this a "once-off" incident, something they engage in occasionally, or a regular occurrence?
- Is there a safe place to take them?

Prevention

Reducing Availability:

Service Stations
All Community Members

Maintain and Build Connections:

Family, culture & country, school, positive peers, sports, art, dance, music.

Youth Activities:

- Sports Centre 4745 1580
- PCYC -

After the sniffing:

• Talk with them only if they are calm (it's too hard to talk if they are angry).

Intervention

• If they want to talk, remember to listen and not judge. • Find out why they are sniffing, ask (What's happening in your life/how are you feeling about life/what is worrying you?). • Encourage them to talk to someone, a health worker, family or elders, not just you. • If they won't talk to someone, you could get advice from a co-op, health worker, alcohol and drug worker or doctor

Maintaining Safety

• If the person is conscious/awake and able to talk: • Keep them calm, don't over-react and don't chase or shout at them. • Try to remove any inhalants and make sure there is plenty of fresh air. • Try to persuade them to stop sniffing, don't use force. • Stay with them or get them somewhere safe until the effects have worn off (up to 60 minutes or more after they stop sniffing). • Seek medical help if they are not recovering after the solvents have been removed. • Don't try and talk with them about their sniffing when they are intoxicated.

Information & Education:

- Gidgee Healing Deadly Thinking Program -4769 7045

Try to reconnect child with:

Family, culture & country, school, positive peers, sport, art, dance, music

Normanton Hospital – 4745 2100 Child & Adolescent Mental Health

Mt Isa – 4744 7103 (7am-11pm) After Hours – 4744 4444

Normanton Police – 4745 2555 Child Safety – Regional Intake Service - 1300 706 147

After Hours – 1800 177 135

Remote Youth Justice – 4255 7500

Kids Helpline – 1800 55 1800 https://kidshelpline.com.au/teens/ Beyond Blue – 1300 22 4636 Lifeline – 131 114 eHeadspace- 1800 650 890

Seek Family Support Early

- Gidgee Healing Family
 Wellbeing Program –
 4769 7015 or 4769 7016
- Centacare 4745 1586
- NWRH 4747 8800
- Save the Children -4745 1491 or 0429 521 388

Family Support:

- Gidgee Healing- Family Wellbeing Program -4769 7016/4769 7015
- Centacare 4745 1586
- Save the Children 4745 1491
- RSAS -
- FaCE Program —
- NWRH 4747 8800

Counselling: In an Ei

- ATODS 4745 1241 (Drugs & Alcohol)
- NWRH 4747 8800 (Adults)
- Centacare 4745 1586 (Families)
- **RFDS 0409 456 665** (Children and/or their parents/carers)
- Save the Children -
- Recovery Centre -(Rehabilitation)
- Gidgee 4769 7013 (Adults)

In an Emergency

• If the person is drowsy or unconscious/won't wake up or can hardly talk: • Lay them on their side so that if they vomit they won't choke. • Make sure they have plenty of fresh air, take away anything they have been sniffing. • Call for help – 000

If they are sniffing:

• Try to stay calm. • Don't yell or chase them – this can give their heart a big shock. • Don't try to take the inhalant away by force – they might get angry.

Get help if they are going to hurt themselves or someone else.

If they have passed out, get help

 If they are awake, talk quietly and try to get them home