Tips for Parents of Children on the Autism Spectrum

Every child is different. If you have found ways of doing things that works well for your child and your family that is awesome – these are some tips for if and when things aren't working so well.

Help is available to establish a routine or rules and make visuals and reward charts if needed.		
Routine	Children on the autism spectrum often	Same routine each school day both before and
	respond well to having the same thing	after school can help.
	happen each day. They generally don't like	Same bedtime; Same time to get up
	lots of changes.	Go to school every day
Predictability	Children tend to comply better if they	First – pack up toys
	know what is happening next. Give	Then – have a bath
	warning when there are going to be	Later – watch TV
	changes.	
Visual schedule	These are pictures which show the order	Too much talking can overwhelm and confuse
	things need to be done.	children on the autism spectrum.
	You can use stickers to help compliance.	Visual reminders can help reinforce routine.
	Research shows rewards generally work	It is usually best not to take away rewards as
Rewards	better than consequences. Using special	punishment - it can cause major upsets and
	interests as rewards often works well	often does not work very well. However,
		families need to have their own balance of
	(Lego, iPad, animals).	
	Reward Charts can be useful.	rewards and consequences.
	Rewards can be time doing something they enjoy or going somewhere – not just buying	
	things. A focus on positive behaviour can be helpful in changing behaviours – but takes time.	
	Children on the autism spectrum may be	An Occupational Therapist can help with
Triggers,	oversensitive or under sensitive to noise,	Sensory needs if these are observed. Letting
	light, taste, touch or smell. When	the school know what you have observed is
	overwhelmed they will have a	really important. You know your child best and
"meltdowns"	"meltdown". When they need	sharing this information helps teachers to
and other	stimulation, they may use behaviours to	teach your child. Noticing what triggers
behaviours	meet that need – rocking, flapping,	"meltdowns" can help you and teachers plan
		so they happen less.
	climbing, smelling, chewing.	
"Meltdowns" often happen after school – having quiet chill time planned can be important.Rules are very important.You may need to be very specific in telling the		
	Rules need to be clear and consistent.	
Rules		child the "rule". Other children may work it
	It's a rule: "Everyone wears a seatbelt	out, but these children may not. These are just
	when in the car".	examples – adjust them to suit your family. If it
	It's a rule: "8 pm is bedtime"	is a rule – it is not debateable – it just is. You
	It's a rule: "All kids go to school"	don't want too many – just ones that will make
	It's a rule: "We do not hit"	life easier with less struggles.
Outcido play	It is really important to have time outside	Outside play with other kids.
Outside play	the house for production of the hormones	Visits to the park – lots of running.
helps sleep	that help them go to sleep and helps to	Going out bush, going fishing
	regulate the sleep/wake cycle.	Not too much TV/electronic games
Getting ready	Stop use of electronic equipment at least	Light from electronic screens impacts on the
	one hour before bed.	brain and can stop the production of the
to sleep	Read books, have quiet play. This settles	chemical that helps sleep. Games can be
to sicep	the body and mind for sleep.	addictive – and therefore it can be hard to get
		children to switch them off to go to bed.
	Children on the autism spectrum often have trouble reading other people's emotions and	
Emotions	•	-
Linotions	•	rouble with anxiety. Having a routine and calm,